

IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY STAINING DETECTION HANDBOOK

CAUTION: INVESTIGATIONAL DEVICE
LIMITED BY FEDERAL LAW TO INVESTIGATIONAL USE

FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES



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INTRODUCTION

This immunohistochemistry staining detection (IHSDetect) kit is designed to determine the localization of target antigens present within paraffin-embedded or frozen tissue preparations for approximately 100 to 150 slides.

Briefly, an antigen specific primary antibody is applied to the tissue section slide whereby the primary antibody binds to the target antigen. Once bound, the resulting antigen-antibody complex is detected by means of a biotinylated secondary antibody which is specific for the primary antibody.

Enzyme horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-labeled-streptavidin (LAB-SA system) is then added to bind to the biotin residues on the secondary antibody. Localization of the antigen/antibody/enzyme complex is determined by addition of a chromogenic substrate (3,3'- diaminobenzidine tetrahydrochloride (DAB) or aminoethyl carbazole (AEC)). HRP catalyzes the conversion of the soluble substrate into an insoluble chromogen resulting in chromogen deposits (brown for DAB or red for AEC) within tissue. Hence, the location of the target antigen is determined.

Customers that have used previous lots, please note:

In an attempt to raise the overall quality of our kits, we have implemented a few changes to this product.

We have included a heat-induced antigen retrieval step to be used for paraffin-embedded tissues. We also have reformulated the biotinylated secondary antibody and HRP-conjugated streptavidin in order to reduce background. In addition, the DAB

KIT COMPONENTS

1. 30% hydrogen peroxide solution (2 ml)
2. Normal goat serum blocking solution (15 ml) (thimerosal: 0.2%)
3. Biotinylated secondary antibody solution (15 ml) (thimerosal: 0.2%)
4. Streptavidin-HRP conjugate solution (15 ml) (thimerosal: 0.2%)
5. 40X DAB solution (0.5 ml)
6. 1X DAB substrate buffer for DAB (16.5 ml)
7. 20X AEC solution (1 ml)
8. 20X substrate buffer for AEC (1 ml)
9. 20X hydrogen peroxide (2 ml)
10. Mayer's hematoxylin (15 ml)
11. Mounting solution (15 ml)

MATERIALS NOT PROVIDED

1. Xylene (for deparaffinization)
2. Ethanol (for sample rehydration, etc.)
3. Distilled water
4. PBS buffer (0.01 M phosphate buffered saline), pH 7.4
5. TBST (washing steps)
6. Rabbit primary antibody
7. Antigen retrieval solution: citrate buffer (0.01M), pH 6.0
(2.1 gm citric acid monohydrate into 1 L distilled water. Adjust pH to 6.0 with 2N NaOH).
8. Sample tissue slides

IMPORTANT NOTES

1. If unopened and stored at 4°C, the product is stable for one year from production date. Once the package has been opened, the expected shelf is 3 months.
2. Solutions containing sodium azide or other inhibitors of peroxidase activity should not be used in the staining steps.
3. Do all steps of staining procedure at room temperature except for the primary antibody incubation which we suggest performing overnight at 4°C.
4. Never allow tissues to dry. Incubation of slides should be in a moist chamber.
5. Optimal dilution and incubation time of the primary antibody may be adjusted depending on the sample preparation for study.
6. The pH values of DAB and AEC (working conditions) are different (the former is in neutral, and the latter in weak acid). Make sure to add the correct substrate buffer when making the two different substrate-chromogen working solutions.
7. DAB is a suspected carcinogen. Appropriate care should be exercised when using DAB containing solutions including but not limited to: gloves, eye protection, lab coat, and good laboratory procedures. After completion of the staining procedure, the diluted working solution should be discarded into an equal volume of 3% potassium permanganate (KMnO₄), and 2% sodium

carbonate in deionized or distilled water. Any containers used in the staining procedure should be washed in the same solution to neutralize the DAB. Dispose in accordance with local and federal regulations.

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS

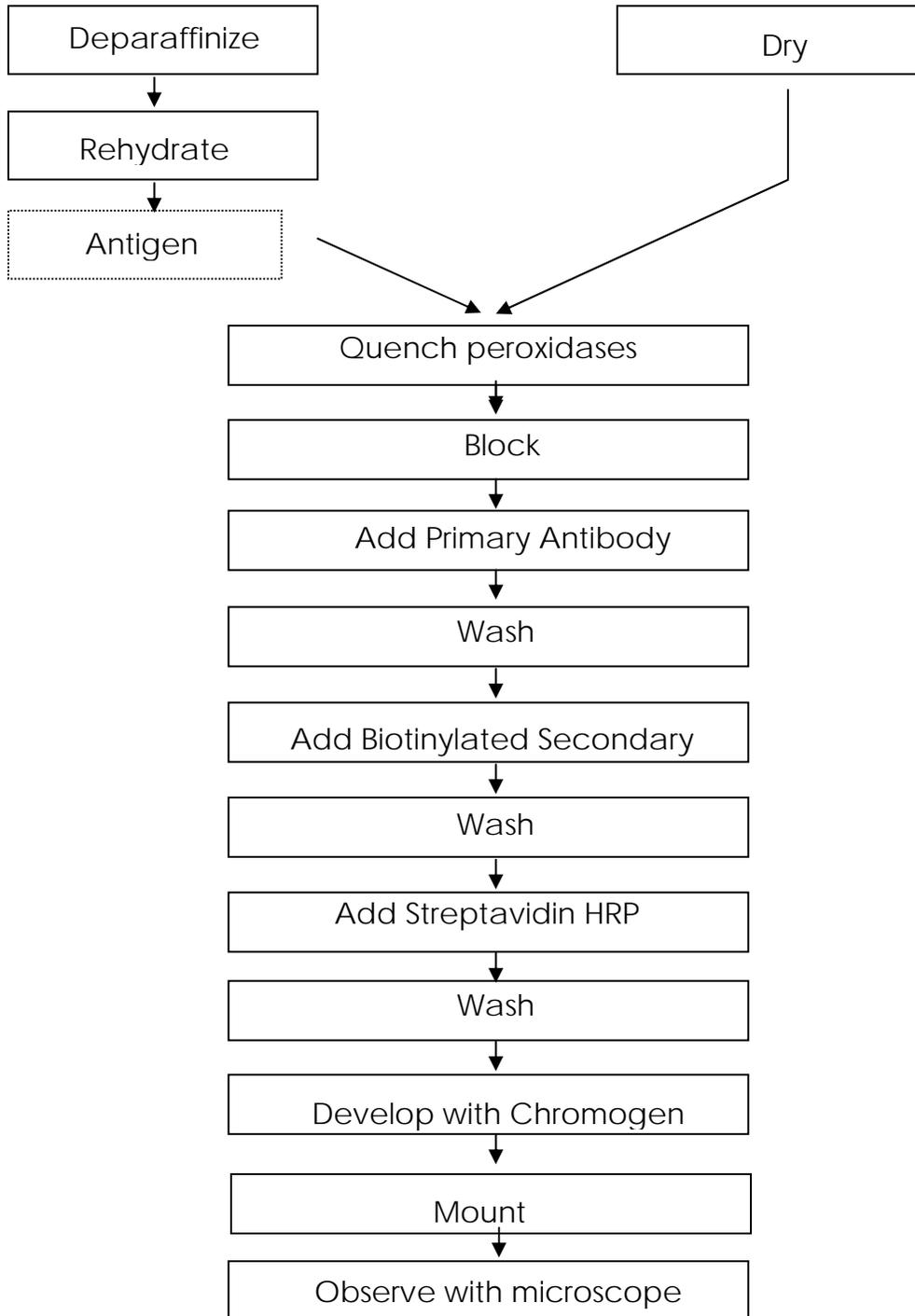
1. **3% H₂O₂ solution** (for quenching endogenous peroxidase activity):
 - a) For **paraffin embedded tissue** slides: add 1 part of 30% H₂O₂ to 9 parts of ethanol or water.
 - b) For **frozen tissue** slides: add 1 part of 30% H₂O₂ to 9 parts of PBS pH 7.4 buffer.
2. **Primary antibody working solution:**
 - a) Optimum dilution should be determined by the investigator or refer to the antibody protocol
3. **Substrate-chromogen working solution:**
 - a) To make **DAB** working solution:
 - i. Add 25 µl of 40X DAB solution and 1 ml 1X DAB substrate buffer
 - ii. Mix well.
 - b) To make **AEC** working solution:
 - i. Add 1 drop of 20X substrate buffer for AEC to 1 ml distilled water and mix.
 - ii. Add 1 drop of 20X AEC solution and 1 drop of 20X hydrogen peroxide.
 - iii. Mix well.

Note: All of the above substrate-chromogen mixture working solutions should be kept away from light and used within 30 minutes.

STAINING PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

Paraffin-embedded Tissue

Frozen Tissue



STAINING PROCEDURE

Please read "IMPORTANT NOTES" on pages 5-6 and "PREPARATION OF REAGENTS" on page 6 before starting.

1. Prepare sample tissue slides.
 - a) For paraffin-embedded tissue slides:
 - i. De-wax (deparaffinized) with xylene.
 - ii. Re-hydrate in a graded ethanol series.
 - iii. Rinse for 5 minutes in tap water.
 - iv. Perform heat-induced antigen retrieval (recommended)
 - a. Place slides in a Coplin jar or plastic slide container.
 - b. Fill with antigen retrieval buffer (0.01M Citrate buffer, pH 6.0).
 - c. Place container in a steamer (rice cooker) with 150 ml of water.
 - d. Press "cook" button.
 - e. After it's done (10 to 20 minutes), remove container from cooker and open lid.
 - f. Allow to cool for at least 20 minutes.
 - g. Wash once with TBST.
 - (Optional) *For quenching of endogenous peroxidase activity, incubate the paraffin-embedded tissue sections for 10 to 30 minutes in 3% H₂O₂ in either ethanol or water.

*In some cases, the antigen may be destroyed by treatment with H₂O₂. If endogenous peroxidase activity does not present a problem, the quenching step may be omitted.

- b) For frozen tissue slides:
- i. Air dry and treat with 50% ethanol for 20 minutes.
 - ii. Wash with PBS in 3 changes for 2 minutes each.
- (Optional) * For quenching of endogenous peroxidase activity, incubate the frozen slides for 30 minutes in 3% H₂O₂ in PBS.
2. Rinse thoroughly with TBST in 3 changes for 2 minutes each at room temperature on shaker.
 3. Add 2 drops or 100 µl of normal goat serum blocking solution to each slide and incubate for 10 to 20 minutes. Drain or blot excess solution from the slides. Do not rinse.
 4. Add 2 drops or 100 µl of the primary antibody working solution to each slide. For incubation times, refer to the antibody protocol or determined by the researcher.
 5. Rinse thoroughly with TBST in 3 changes for 2 minutes each at room temperature on a shaker.
 6. Add 2 drops or 100 µl of biotinylated secondary antibody to each slide and incubate for 30 to 60 minutes.
 7. Rinse thoroughly with TBST in 3 changes for 2 minutes each at room temperature on a shaker.
 8. Add 2 drops or 100 µl of streptavidin-HRP conjugate to each slide and incubate for 30 minutes.
 9. Rinse thoroughly with TBST in 3 changes for 2 minutes each at room temperature on a shaker.
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10. **Add 100 μ l of substrate-chromogen mixture working solution to each slide.** Color development should be monitored under a microscope. Generally, the development times are 1 to 3 minutes for DAB and 3 to 5 minutes for AEC. Rinse well with distilled water.
11. **Counterstain the slides with 2 drops or 100 μ l of Mayer's hematoxylin and incubate for 1 to 3 minutes.**
12. **Wash slides in tap water.**
13. **Immerse slides into PBS (pH 7.4) until blue (about 30 seconds).**
14. **Rinse well with distilled water.**
15. **Add 2 drops or 100 μ l of mounting solution to the slide and mount with coverslip.**

TROUBLESHOOTING

1. **Possible causes of overstaining:**
 - a) Too high of a concentration of primary antibody.
 - b) Incubation time too long.
 - c) Concentration of linker or label reagents too high.
 - d) Reaction temperature too high.
 - e) Substrate incubation time too long.
2. **Possible causes of weak staining:**
 - a) Too much rinse buffer left on slides causing excessive dilution of reagents.
 - b) Concentration of antibody or linker too low or incubation time too short.
 - c) Incomplete deparaffinization
 - d) Improper substrate preparation (i.e. contaminated by sodium azide or other inhibitor of peroxidase) or substrate too old.
 - e) Incompatible counterstain or mounting media that dissolves reaction product.
3. **Possible causes of zero staining:**
 - a) Primary antibody does not recognize antigen.
 - b) Antigen not present in tissue.
 - c) Tissue dried out during staining protocol.
4. **Possible causes of high background:**
 - a) Endogenous peroxidase activity not blocked.
 - b) Nonspecific protein binding or endogenous biotin in tissue.
 - c) Incomplete de-waxing.
 - d) Inadequate rinsing of slides.
 - e) Over-development of substrate.
 - f) Tissue dried out during staining protocol.

ORDERING INFORMATION

For additional kits or our most current catalog products, please visit our web site at www.bachem.com or contact us:

Tel: (650) 801-6090

Fax: (650) 595-4071

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TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If you need technical information, please send an e-mail to immunology@bachem.com.

GUARANTEE AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Peninsula Laboratories International, Inc. makes no guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, which extends beyond the description of the material in this kit, except that these materials and this kit will meet our specifications at the time of delivery. Customer's remedy and Peninsula Laboratories International, Inc.'s sole liability hereunder is limited at Peninsula Laboratories International, Inc.'s option to either refund the purchase price or to replace the material that does not meet our specifications. By the acceptance of our products, the customer indemnifies and holds Peninsula Laboratories International, Inc. harmless against and assumes all liability for the consequences of its use or misuse by the customer, its employees or others.

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